

Interactive comment on “Incorporating ^{15}N into the outputs of SMOKE version 4.6 as the emission input dataset for CMAQ version 5.2.1 for assessing the role emission sources plays in controlling the isotopic composition of NO_x , NO_y , and atmospheric nitrate” by Huan Fang and Greg Michalski

Anonymous Referee #1

Received and published: 4 March 2021

In this paper by Fang and Michalski, the authors incorporated N isotope signatures of various NO_x sources into the US EPA trace gas emission model SMOKE to simulate spatial and temporal variability of ambient d^{15}N - NO_x in the US Midwest region. Although comparisons between simulated and measured ambient d^{15}NO_x do not provide direct evidence for NO_x source partitioning, due to the atmospheric mixing effect

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and isotopic fractionations as pointed out by the authors, this work is an important initial step toward better use of NO_x isotopes to resolve uncertainties in local and regional NO_x emission inventories. I have two questions.

First, it seems that the authors did not consider the uncertainties associated with emission inventories and the d¹⁵N signatures in their simulation. For example, the NEI inventories are known to contain large errors, especially for biogenic sources. As pointed out by the authors, the d¹⁵N signatures are also highly uncertain and span large ranges for individual sources. However, only an average value was used for each source. What if the d¹⁵N source signatures varied over space and time? Would this variability in the source signatures change significantly the simulated spatial and temporal patterns?

The second question I had is regarding the plant canopy effect on biogenic NO_x removal. As mentioned by the authors, soil-emitted NO_x can be removed by overlying canopies to a large extent (up to 75%). However, this effect was not considered in the simulation. I am curious to see if the simulated d¹⁵N patterns would be changed by explicitly considering this canopy effect.

Interactive comment on Geosci. Model Dev. Discuss., <https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-2020-322>, 2020.

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