

1 Response to Comments by Anonymous Referee #1

I thank this reviewer for her/his careful and insightful reading of our manuscript and the resulting useful and helpful comments to improve it. It is a (sadly) rare thing nowadays for a reviewer to go through the equations, so we are doubly grateful for his/her effort in doing so.

1.1 Specific points

□

1. I have attempted to elaborate a little more on the content of the manuscript in the abstract, highlighting the main points. I took the liberty of copying one of the reviewer's sentences verbatim, as we thought it very well-phrased! I have tried to make this new version of the abstract a good and fair summary the manuscript, and would appreciate the reviewer's opinion in this regard.
2. This sentence had the simple purpose of serving as introduction to the more detailed description given in the next paragraph. To detail all steps ab initio would result in an undergraduate textbook on Newtonian mechanics, so inevitably some have to be implicitly assumed as read; buy I think I can guess what may have jarred with the reviewer here and slightly expanded the text accordingly, while trying to avoid breaking the original flow of the argument. I hope this hits the mark.
3. Somewhat similar as point 2.
4. I have checked all text for consistenct, and in doing this revision I have made doubly sure that there is no ambiguity anywhere with regard to the resolution employed. When first introducing them I now immediately clarify that these are the only two grids employed in this paper.
5. indeed yes that is so (as stated in the caption of Figure 1), I thank the reviewer for pointing that out. Corrected in the text.
6. Done when first introducing FV (noting also the exact vorticity conservation of the original scheme, which in fact is broken with the AM modifications).
7. done
8. edited text and equation to 1. clarify that λ is the longitude; 2. to indicate the index corresponding to λ by i ; and 3. to add the missing ϕ in $\Delta\phi_k$.
9. replaced "inertia" with "inertial mass"; and expanded the text to clarify the meaning of "denominators".
10. I now clarify the use of Δ just after Eq.(1).
11. not using the FFSL extension; now clarified in the text.
12. indeed I do; corrected in the text.

13. I've reworded "problem" more explicitly. Regarding the manipulation of Eq.(5): substitute Eq.(4) for the last two terms in (5), and note that, ignoring pressure or geopotential terms since we are considering pure advection, $\Delta p \left[\partial_t u - (\zeta + f) v + \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \partial_\lambda K \right] = \frac{1}{a \cos \varphi} \Delta p \partial_\lambda \left[K - \frac{1}{2} (u^2 + v^2) \right]$. The weighting by mass means that the integrand is not a pure zonal derivative. Therefore, in general the zonal mean vanishes only if the integrand does, i.e. if K is the kinetic energy. Given this I do believe that the presentation and description of Eqs (4) and (5) is correct and sufficient as it stands. Regarding Eq.(7), as stated, the notation of Lin and Rood (1997) is used. I have added a brief description which I hope will clarify the meaning of such notation (and also the connection between Eq.(7) and the detailed derivation in the Appendix). However for the details of the PPM discretisation I believe that it is inevitable to refer the reader to LR97, so the best course seems to consistently use the notation of that paper, which also accurately reflects the numerical implementation I have made in the code.
14. I prefer not to dwell into the details of sub-stepping in CAM-FV, as it would require a detailed description that would only confuse readers while adding nothing to the explanation of how the correction or the fixer are formulated – even though it did imply a significant amount of difficult extra coding! To avoid surprising the reader in the way the reviewer was, and indeed to add precision to that explanation, I have now specified "advective" sub-step, which links back to the introductory part of Section 2 just before Section 2.1. The "sub-step" is thus now referring to the advective part as opposed to the pressure-force part of the dynamic time-step. This is a simplification, but a useful one.
15. yes sorry some undead text from a previous draft here – killed now.
16. indeed, thanks – added
17. I believe both statements are true: the perturbation is an unbalanced zonal wind only, and surface pressure and geopotential are initially both horizontally uniform; the pressure is then allowed to vary, while the surface geopotential does remain constant (and uniform) over the subsequent evolution, i.e. that is the lower b.c. of the problem.
18. yes indeed the reviewer is quite right! I've corrected the text here now.
19. well, to be quite sure I tested both with the orographic parametrisations explicitly turned off, and leaving them on. It made no difference, as the resulting forcings are (reassuringly) identically zero when there's no orography (as is the case in these AP runs).
20. yes I did mean equivalent temperature, since the hydrostatic pressure depends on that, not on the dry one, and so do the geostrophic winds. Of course in HS cases q vanishes identically and the two temperatures are identical.
21. stratospheric winds in these low-top configurations are highly, and artificially, tuned to make the best of a bad job. The lid is simply too low and as a result stratospheric winds are fragile, much more sensitive to numerical details of the model near the lid (e.g. the "sponge" layer) than anything physical that is done below. Now, it is worth

pointing out here again that the test shown in this paper uses the AM mods added on top of a model configuration already completely tuned so as to validate well without them, including tuning at the model top in order to get “good” stratospheric winds. In NorESM2, we did in fact retune the model top with the AM mods active, and thereby avoid that degradation of the winds in the southern polar vortex. But I believe that due to this artificial dependence of the stratospheric winds on entirely non-physical tuning there is simply no point discussing them at all. Unfortunately, the only systematic high-top tests that we tried with the AM mods were in HS mode. In those cases, we did not see any improvement from the AM mods. I would absolutely love to see more experiments with a high top, but, well, CMIP6 came in the way. Before I understand any of that better, I much prefer not to make any comment at all regarding the stratosphere.

22. again, the reviewer is quite right. Corrected text accordingly.

23. yes that is again a good point: I’ve added a explicatory sentence just before Equation (A3). To clarify the reviewer’s point about the final new value, I’ve added a explanatory words in the text in parenthesis just after Equation (A4).

1.2 Figures and tables

□

Fig.1 I’ve made the Figure larger for better readability. I think all symbols are of similar size as in the other Figures now, and should be easily readable.

Fig.6 It appears that “day” is an accepted unit in GMD, so according to guidelines the derived unit of cm/s/day is OK.

Fig.7 explanation added.

Fig.9 fixed

Fig.11 fixed; I’ve tried flipping the figure on its side to allow making it larger.

Table 1. I’ve expanded the caption to give as much details as needed.

1.3 Minor erros, typos etc

□

Title page Corrected to *P.H.*

... corrected all as per suggestions – thanks!

Line 485 removed the left-over word “local”