This manuscript describes a novel framework for the implementation of reactive tracers into the ICON model. The framework takes advantage of the commonly used KPP software and implements it into the ICON model in a way that allows for the run-time implementation of complex chemical mechanisms. The presented work significantly enhances the current ICON-ART system. The implementation of additional state variables and associated chemical reactions into the ICON model requires a high level of programming expertise and poses an obstacle to its usage that should not be underestimated. The presented model development is an elegant solution that will allow a wide user range to implement different chemical reactions into the model.

Besides the description of the technical enhancements, the authors present a wide range of sample applications ranging from short term NWP calculations with a simple ozone chemistry to long term climate runs with life time bases chemical reactions. I have to say that although the manuscript is quite long I enjoyed reading it and can support publication in GMD.

However, there are several, mostly minor issues that need to be addressed:

- 1) My main complaint is that most of the evaluation is based on qualitative comparison. I am missing quantitative measures (e.g. bias, error). Especially in section 5.2 it would make sense to give the model bias for alternative model runs.
- 2) Make sure to explain all abbreviations, even those that might seem trivial.

P1 L10: AMPI

P2 L13: Here you need to introduce the abbreviation NWP. And it would also make sense to give the ECHAM abbreviation here.

P10 Figure 2: SSO

P18 Table 2: SST/SIC

- 3) Thoroughly check that all values are given with a unit
- 4) I suggest to combine Figures 8 & 9 as well as Figures 10 & 11.
- 5) Minor issues:

P2 L5: ... the same dynamical core

As you know (and state later in the text) this is not the case for ICON (and I am not sure which other model has actually reached that ideal).

P2 L22: Here you should mention that the development is based on COSMO-ART. Maybe I am wrong but people do know COSMO-ART. In this case add a few sentences to clarify any differences between the ART in COSMO-ART and ICON-ART

P7 L6: Here I got lost: prognostic and diagnostic state. Maybe you can clarify what this means?

P7 L25: Any reason for the continuation? That would even work in f77 in a single line.

P8 L17: Technical work has been done to ensure..... As this is a GMD article, I think it would be appropriate to briefly state how you implemented this.

P10 L7: Before both routines are called, the tendencies are updated.

This is unclear. What does it mean to update a tendency? Do you mean that the tendencies are applied before these routines are called?

P11 L16: Probably should read c₀₃ instead of c.

I am not sure how you decide on the line breaks. I suggest to write the formula in a single line or use a single line for each part/process.

But more importantly you need to define the P and L terms. Otherwise it remains unclear how the derivative of P-L is derived.

P12 L12: You need to give units for all variables. Moreover, I would suggest to add the formula for the relative vorticity. This might seem pedantic but it ensures the reproducibility of your work.

P12 L20: Multiplication of both. This is ambiguous. It could refer to PV or to the area.

P12 L20: Use zonal wind instead of westerly (as you do in L22). Or *absolute zonal* wind if you want to be super precise.

P12 L32: middle atmosphere: Please be more precise.

P13 L10 & L15: You need to add units to these equations. And I do not get where the 7x is coming from.

P13 L12: Please define the mean age of air.

P13 L22: ... in models and observations. Maybe I am ignorant but what does that have to do with observations?

P14: Again give units!

P14 L15-17: Please clarify what exactly do you do here? Do you override the default tracer before the microphysics calculation?

P14 L22: composition ???

P15 L11: 40km does this refer to a triangle side length? Maybe give the grid cell average area for a better comparison to traditional grids.

P15 L26: How do the 400DU compare to observations?

P16 L1: ... losses are positive ... This is very difficult to follow. I would suggest: losses are higher in that region.

P16 L2: by the chemical mechanism. The plural of chemistry sounds wrong.

P16 L2: Passive and reactive tracers. (I think chemical is not the correct word here)

P16 L4: And you do not consider additional loss terms (e.g. halogens)

P16 L6: negative ozone loss. Is this identical to ozone production? If o it would be better to understand than the double negative formulation.

P23 Figure 10: The caption is not correct.

P23 L10-15: Please be more precise. Do you mean an absolute decrease or lower values? e.g. Absolute values of -2E-7 does makes no sense as absolute values are always positive.

P28 L6: Age increase of years. It would be nice to give a number here.

Appendix: Are all species transported? Or how do you treat e.g. O^{1D}. It would be interesting to see the definition for such a short lived species.

- 6) Language:
- P1 L16: The age is <u>a</u> measure ...
- P4 L6: (thermos-)dynamics
- **P4 L 18:** provide <u>the</u> foundation
- P5 L2: for XLM file reading.
- **P5 L31-33:** That sounds like ozone was hardcoded into two routines. Probably it should read: In our example, ozone appears in two different....
- P7 L18: is stored in as
- P8 L21: reactions schemes
- P8 L32: shows an schematic
- **P10 L9:** computationally
- P11 L9: ansatz
- P11 L21: ansatz
- P12 L21: is given This sentence needs to be corrected
- P15 L4: <u>atmospheric</u> composition
- P15 L18: the TOMS instrument
- P15 L27: Check this sentence
- P20 L12: hemispheric
- P21 L11: zonal is double here
- P22 L2: Here, the ERA
- P27 L3: older than in the control
- P27 L31: different chemical mechanisms
- P27 L31: extended by additional chemical reactions
- P28 L1: In the second part
- P28 L6: Base climatology of ICON
- P28 L7: climatology of temperature