



# Supplement of

# Implementation and assessment of a model including mixotrophs and the carbonate cycle (Eco3M\_MIX-CarbOx v1.0) in a highly dynamic Mediterranean coastal environment (Bay of Marseille, France) – Part 2: Towards a better representation of total alkalinity when modeling the carbonate system and air–sea $CO_2$ fluxes

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### **Supplementary materials**

### S1. Supplementary simulations

### S1.1 Simulation with constant TA

In addition to simulations with autochthonous and allochthonous TA formulations, we ran a simulation in which TA is set to

5 a constant (mean of surface SOLEMIO measurements for the year 2017: 2591.2 μmol kg<sup>-1</sup>). Statistical indicators (%BIAS,

AAE, AE and RMSD) for this simulation are presented in Table S1.

Table S1. Statistical indicators calculation for the simulation with a constant TA (TA = 2591.2  $\mu$ mol kg<sup>-1</sup>). Mean, SD, AE, AAE and RMSD are in the same unit than the considered variable, i.e.:  $\mu$ mol kg<sup>-1</sup> for TA and DIC,  $\mu$ atm for *p*CO<sub>2</sub> and mmol m<sup>-3</sup> for [H<sup>+</sup>]. %BIAS is without unit.

		ТА	DIC	pCO <sub>2</sub>	$\mathbf{p}\mathbf{H}_{\mathrm{T}}$	$[\mathbf{H}^+]$
Ν	Observation	20	20	20	20	20
Mean ± SD	Observation	2591.2	2294.9	391.0	8.09	$8.08 \times 10^{-9}$
		$\pm 19.4$	$\pm 24.0$	$\pm 31.0$	$\pm 0.03$	$\pm$ 5.52 $ imes$ 10 <sup>-10</sup>
Mean ± SD	Model	2591.2	2305.7	418.0	8.07	$8.48 \times 10^{-9}$
		$\pm 0.22$	$\pm 26.1$	$\pm 28.9$	$\pm 0.03$	$\pm 2.64  imes 10^{-10}$
%BIAS	Model	-0.002	-0.50	-5.79	0.26	-4.95
AAE	Model	16.5	19.7	35.5	0.03	$6.26 \times 10^{-10}$
AE	Model	-0.06	-11.5	-22.6	0.02	$-4.00 \times 10^{-10}$
RMSD	Model	18.90	26.14	38.45	0.03	$6.78 \times 10^{-10}$

### 10 S1.2 Simulation with modified aeration process

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By considering a small volume of 1  $m^3$  at the surface, Eco3M\_MIX-CarbOx fail to represent seasonality and annual mean value of air-sea CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes. To better understand this feature, we ran a simulation with a modified version of aeration process (Eq. S1).

$$Aera = \frac{\kappa_{ex}}{30.5} * \alpha * \left( pCO_{2,sw} - pCO_{2,atm} \right)$$
(S1)

where Aera is in mmol m<sup>-3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>. Kex represents the gas transfer velocity (Wanninkhof, 2014) in cm h<sup>-1</sup>,  $\alpha$  the CO<sub>2</sub> solubility coefficient (Weiss, 1974) in mol L<sup>-1</sup> atm<sup>-1</sup>, *p*CO<sub>2,sw</sub> the seawater *p*CO<sub>2</sub> modelled at the previous time step in µatm, *p*CO<sub>2,atm</sub> the atmospheric *p*CO<sub>2</sub> from CAV in µatm. The process is now applied to a larger thickness of water which represents the mean value of mixed layer depth in the area (H = 30.5 m, Wimart-Rousseau et al., 2020).



Figure S1. Comparison of model outputs from SIMC1 (aeration process apply on a 1 m layer, Table 2 of the manuscript) and SIMR1 (aeration process apply on 30.5 m layer, model runs showing daily average (a) TA, (b) DIC, (c)  $pCO_2$ , (d) pH<sub>T</sub>, and air-sea CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes for 2017. SOLEMIO data are represented by blue markers.

This new simulation (SIMR1) is compared to the simulation in which allochthonous formulation of TA is used (SIMC1,
Table 1 of the manuscript). The representation of the variables of carbonate system and air-sea CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes for both simulations are presented in figure S1. A comparison of annual mean values of air-sea CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes for both simulations and Wimart-Rousseau et al. (2020) study is available in Table S2.

Table S2: Comparison of annual mean value and daily value range obtained for the SIMC1 (H = 1 m), SIMR1 (H = 30.5 m) and in Wimart-Rousseau et al. (2020) study.

	Annual mean value (mmol m <sup>-2</sup> yr <sup>-1</sup> )	Daily value range (mmol m <sup>-2</sup> d <sup>-1</sup> )
SIMC1	-0.21	[-13, 15]
SIMR1	-113.6	[-33, 34]
Wimart-Rousseau et al. (2020)	-803	[-15, 10]



Figure S2: TA measurements in the Rhône River (data: Naïades, https://naiades.eaufrance.fr, first data available: January 2018).

### **S3.** Supplementary tables

Table S3. Salinity-TA couples for LSE events measured at SOLEMIO between 6 June 2016 and 26 June 2019 (last data available).

	Salinity	TA (μmol kg <sup>-1</sup> )
6 June 2016	37.11	2603.0
4 July 2016	37.78	2579.6
2 November 2016	37.30	2585.5
15 March 2017	36.82	2600.6
5 September 2017	37.18	2560.8
31 May 2018	37.66	2568.4
26 June 2019	37.32	2520.7
2 November 2016 15 March 2017 5 September 2017 31 May 2018 26 June 2019	37.30 36.82 37.18 37.66 37.32	2585.5 2600.6 2560.8 2568.4 2520.7

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