



*Supplement of*

## **GPU-HADVPPM V1.0: a high-efficiency parallel GPU design of the piecewise parabolic method (PPM) for horizontal advection in an air quality model (CAMx V6.10)**

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# Supplementary Material

```
#Advection in x-direction
do k=1,naly
    dtuse = deltat/nadv(k)
    do istep = 1,nadv(k)
        do j=m_xj1,m_xj2
            ...
            do i=1,m1
                av1d(i) = ***
                v1d(i) = ***
                a1d(i) = ***
            end do
            ...
            do ispc=nrads+1,nspc
                do i=1,m1
                    c1d(i) = ***
                end do
                ...
                call hadvppm(m1,dtuse,dx(j+j0),c1d,v1d,
                & a1d,av1d,flxarr)
                ...
                end do ! ispc
                ...
                end do ! j
            end do ! k
        end do
    end do
end do
```

(a) Original Fortran code

```
#Advection in x-direction
do k=1,naly
    dtuse1d(k) = deltat/nadv(k)
    do j=m_xj1,m_xj2
        ...
        do ispc=nrads+1,nspc
            ...
            do i=1,m1
                av3d(i,j,k) = ***
                v3d(i,j,k) = ***
                a3d(i,j,k) = ***
                c4d(i,j,k,ispc) = ***
            end do ! i
            ...
            end do ! ispc
            end do ! j
        end do ! k
    end do
    call hadvppm(m1,m2,dtuse1d,dx,c4d,v3d,
    & a3d,av3d,flxarr4d,nlay,nrads,nspc,j0,
    nrow,nadv,m_xj1,m_xj2,iproc_id)
```

(b) Optimized Fortran code

Figure S1. An example of xyadvec Fortran program optimization. (a) and (b) represent original code and optimized code, respectively.

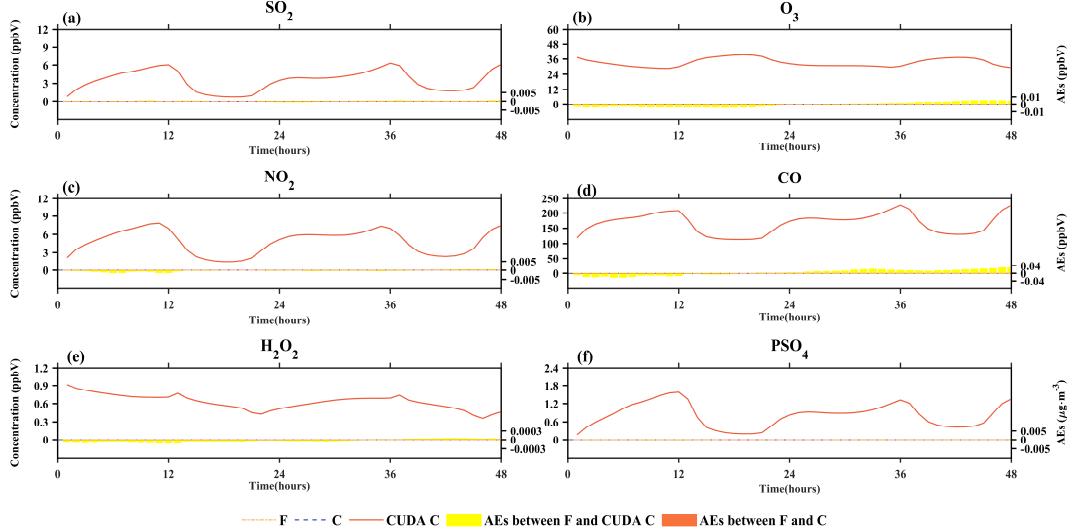


Figure S2. Time series and AEs of SO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, CO, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, and PSO<sub>4</sub> outputted by CAMx model for Fortran, standard C, and CUDA C versions.

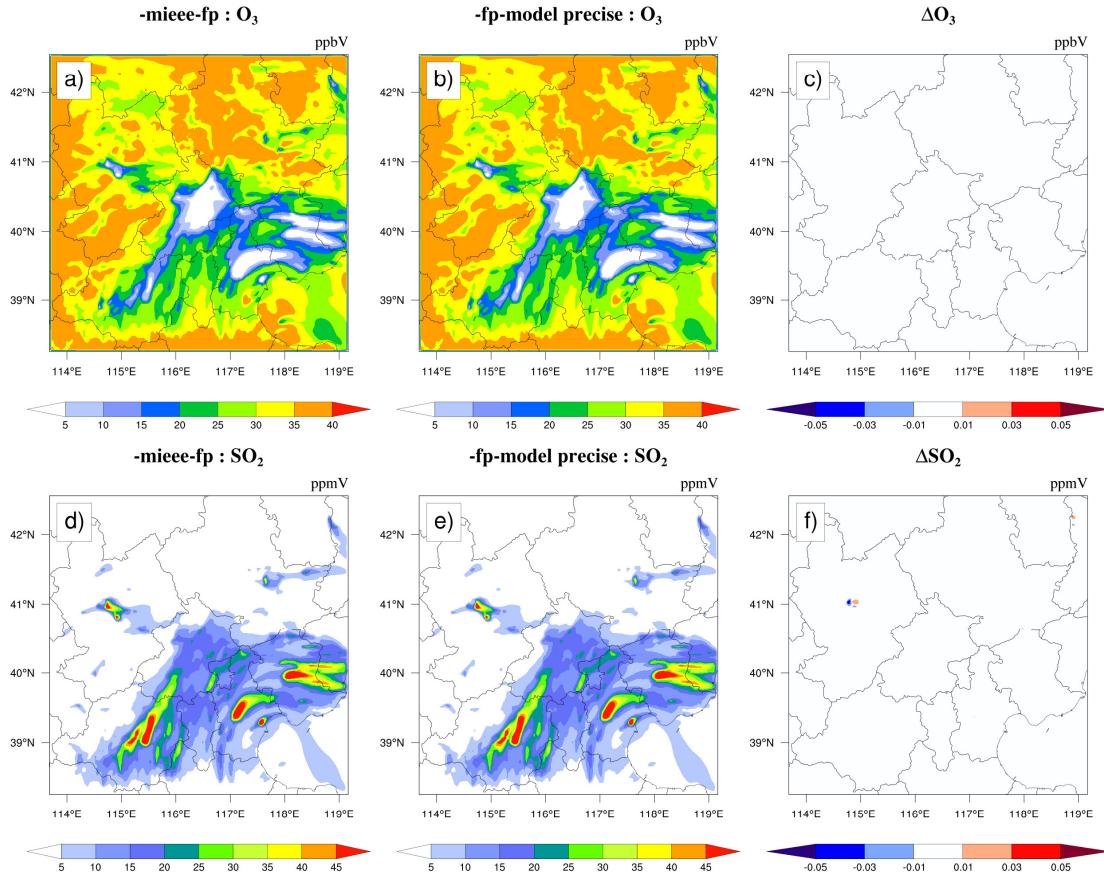


Figure S3. The absolute errors (AEs) of the simulation results between the *-fp model precise* and *-mieee-fp* compile flags.

Table S1. Variable names input into the HADVPPM program and their specific meanings.

Name	Specific Meanings (Unit)
<i>nn</i>	Number of cells
<i>dt</i>	Time step (s)
<i>dx</i>	Length of cell (m)
<i>con</i>	Concentration vector ( $\mu\text{mol} \cdot \text{m}^{-3}$ )
<i>vel</i>	Wind speed vector ( $\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ )

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<i>area</i>	Cell area adjustment vector ( $m^{-2}$ )
<i>areav</i>	Interfacial area adjustment vector ( $m^2$ )

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Table S2. The physical and chemical numerical methods selected during CAMx integration

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Process	Numerical Methods
Horizontal advection	PPM (Colella and Woodward, 1984)
Vertical diffusion	K-theory 1 <sup>st</sup> order closure
Aqueous-phase oxidation	Regional Acid Deposition Model (RADM-AQ, (Chang et al., 1987))
Inorganic aerosol	ISORROPIA (Nenes et al., 1999)
thermodynamic partitioning	
Gas-Phase Chemistry	Carbon Bond 2005 (Yarwood et al., 2005) EBI solver (Hertel et al., 1993)
Dry deposition	Resistance model for gases (Zhang et al., 2003) and aerosols (Zhang et al., 2001)
Wet deposition	Scavenging model for gases and aerosols (Seinfeld et al., 1998)

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