



## Supplement of

## A machine learning approach targeting parameter estimation for plant functional type coexistence modeling using ELM-FATES (v2.0)

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		5		(			,		
Month	ET (mm)	ET's SD	GPP (umol/m2/s)	GPP's	SH (W/m2)	SH's SD	BW	BW's	
	(IIIII)	50	(unioi/m2/s)	50	( **/1112)	50		50	
1	88.28	6.42	10.96	0.58	25.73	9.15	0.31	0.08	
2	69.94	14.56	9.70	1.07	23.28	3.04	0.27	0.10	
3	81.87	16.08	10.03	0.33	20.55	3.17	0.27	0.05	
4	69.15	19.03	8.96	0.44	25.42	5.56	0.34	0.09	
5	79.61	20.47	9.98	1.91	25.29	5.89	0.35	0.14	
6	94.73	5.73	8.15	0.64	26.47	4.72	0.28	0.06	
7	91.43	12.18	8.21	1.08	27.79	5.12	0.32	0.07	
8	107.87	23.51	7.89	0.85	34.04	10.24	0.35	0.11	
9	104.79	23.25	8.88	0.92	35.77	3.92	0.44	0.09	
10	101.14	8.72	10.44	0.88	33.81	4.69	0.41	0.15	
11	86.83	14.55	11.02	0.98	30.83	6.40	0.39	0.06	
12	81.27	15.70	10.97	0.84	24.03	2.39	0.34	0.04	
Annual mean	88.08	15.02	9.60	0.88	27.75	5.36	0.34	0.09	

Table S1 Monthly and annual climatology of observations (SD: standard deviation)

			-		-		-			
Category	$BR_{e2t} \in [0.1, 0.9]$	AGB_bias  < 15%	GPP_bias  < 15%	ET_bias  < 15%	SH_bias  < 15%	BW_bias  < 15%	Exp-CTR		Exp-OBS	
							count	percent	count	percent
Late							130	8.7%	22	1.5%
Coexistence							309	20.6%	61	4.1%
Early							1059	70.6%	1417	94.5%
All dead							2	0.1%	0	0.0%
Total							1500		1500	
	+						309	20.6%	61	4.1%
	+	+					98	6.5%	44	2.9%
Add	+	+	+				85	5.7%	52	3.5%
constraints	+	+	+	+			23	1.5%	11	0.7%
	+	+	+	+	+		23	1.5%	7	0.5%
	+	+	+	+	+	+	21	1.4%	6	0.4%

Table S2 comparisons between Exp-CTR and Exp-OBS

23 "+" means adding specific constraint to filter the experiments

			1		1		1				
Category	$BR_{e2t} \in [0.1, 0.9]$	t  AGB_bias  0.9] < 15%	GPP_bias  < 15%	ET_bias  < 15%	SH_bias  < 15%	BW_bias  < 15%	Exp-CTR		Exp-ML		Patio
							count	percent	count	percent	Katio
Late							130	8.7%	174	11.6%	1.3
Coexistence							309	20.6%	1097	73.1%	3.6
Early							1059	70.6%	229	15.3%	0.2
All dead							2	0.1%	0	0.0%	
Total							1500		1500		
	+						309	20.6%	1097	73.1%	3.6
	+	+					98	6.5%	620	41.3%	6.3
Add	+	+	+				85	5.7%	618	41.2%	7.3
constraints	+	+	+	+			23	1.5%	572	38.1%	24.9
	+	+	+	+	+		23	1.5%	502	33.5%	21.8
	+	+	+	+	+	+	21	1.4%	495	33.0%	23.6

Table S3 comparisons between Exp-CTR and Exp-ML

25 "+" means adding specific constraint to filter the experiments





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Figure S2. Pairgrid plots of parameters in Par-CTR grouped by  $BR_{e2t}$ . The upper subplots are scatter plots, the bottom subplots are corresponding kernel density estimate plots, and the diagonal

31 plots are the distribution for each parameter. These parameters are presented in three groups, i.e.,

32 blue for the early cases, orange for the coexistence cases, and green for the late cases.



35 Figure S3. Same as Figure S2, but for the parameter difference between early and late PFT (i.e.,

 $<sup>36 \</sup>quad diff = early - late).$ 





39 Figure S4. SHAP bee swarm plots for different ML models to show the distribution of the impacts 40 of each feature on the model output. Each dot corresponds to a FATES simulation sample. The x-41 axis is the SHAP value, which represents the impact of a specific feature (y-axis) on ML model's 42 prediction. The dot color represents the parameter's value from low to high. A positive (negative) 43 SHAP value means that the specific parameter value pushes the model output above (below) the base value (the average model output over the training dataset). For each parameter (y-axis) in 44 each ML model, the Spearman correlation coefficient is calculated between parameter values and 45 46 corresponding SHAP values, which is displayed in Figure 6 of the main text.



49 Figure S5. Comparison between ML surrogate models' predictions and ELM-FATES

- 50 simulations in Exp-ML, (a) ET, (b) SH, (c) BW, (d) GPP, (e) AGB, and (f)  $BR_{e2t}$ .
- 51



53 Figure S6. Comparison of parameter or parameter difference in Par-ML (Only eleven features are

55 distribution for each parameter. There are three groups, i.e., blue, orange, and green for the early,

shown here). The bottom subplots are kernel density estimate plots, and the diagonal plots are the



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58 Figure S7. Mean monthly variations of Exp-ML optimal cases. (a) BTRAN, plant water stress

- 59 factor with a valid range between 0 (full water stress) and 1 (no water stress). (b) LAI. Each red
- 60 curve represents one ELM-FATES simulation.